- (i) Evaluation and assessment, in accordance with §§ 303.322 and 303.323; or
- (ii) As appropriate, the provision of services, in accordance with §303.342(a) or §303.345.
- (2) The procedures required in paragraph (b)(1) of this section must—
- (i) Provide for an effective method of making referrals by primary referral sources;
- (ii) Ensure that referrals are made no more than two working days after a child has been identified; and
- (iii) Include procedures for determining the extent to which primary referral sources, especially hospitals and physicians, disseminate the information, as described in §303.320, prepared by the lead agency on the availability of early intervention services to parents of infants and toddlers with disabilities.
- (3) As used in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, *primary referral sources* includes—
- (i) Hospitals, including prenatal and postnatal care facilities;
 - (ii) Physicians;
 - (iii) Parents;
 - (iv) Day care programs;
 - (v) Local educational agencies;
 - (vi) Public health facilities;
- (vii) Other social service agencies; and
 - (viii) Other health care providers.
- (e) Timelines for public agencies to act on referrals. (1) Once the public agency receives a referral, it shall appoint a service coordinator as soon as possible.
- (2) Within 45 days after it receives a referral, the public agency shall—
- (i) Complete the evaluation and assessment activities in §303.322; and
- (ii) Hold an IFSP meeting, in accordance with §303.342.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(4)(E)(vii), 1435(a)(5))

Note: In developing the child find system under this part, States should consider (1) tracking systems based on high-risk conditions at birth, and (2) other activities that are being conducted by various agencies or organizations in the State.

[58 FR 40959, July 30, 1993, as amended at 63 FR 18295, Apr. 14, 1998]

§ 303.322 Evaluation and assessment.

- (a) General. (1) Each system must include the performance of a timely, comprehensive, multidisciplinary evaluation of each child, birth through age two, referred for evaluation, and a family-directed identification of the needs of each child's family to appropriately assist in the development of the child.
- (2) The lead agency shall be responsible for ensuring that the requirements of this section are implemented by all affected public agencies and service providers in the State.
- (b) *Definitions of evaluation and assessment.* As used in this part—
- (1) Evaluation means the procedures used by appropriate qualified personnel to determine a child's initial and continuing eligibility under this part, consistent with the definition of "infants and toddlers with disabilities" in §303.16, including determining the status of the child in each of the developmental areas in paragraph (c)(3)(ii) of this section.
- (2) Assessment means the ongoing procedures used by appropriate qualified personnel throughout the period of a child's eligibility under this part to identify—
- (i) The child's unique strengths and needs and the services appropriate to meet those needs; and
- (ii) The resources, priorities, and concerns of the family and the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of their infant or toddler with a disability.
- (c) Evaluation and assessment of the child. The evaluation and assessment of each child must—
- (1) Be conducted by personnel trained to utilize appropriate methods and procedures;
- (2) Be based on informed clinical opinion; and
 - (3) Include the following:
- (i) A review of pertinent records related to the child's current health status and medical history.
- (ii) An evaluation of the child's level of functioning in each of the following developmental areas:
 - (A) Cognitive development.
- (B) Physical development, including vision and hearing.
 - (C) Communication development.

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- (D) Social or emotional development.
- (E) Adaptive development.
- (iii) An assessment of the unique needs of the child in terms of each of the developmental areas in paragraph (c)(3)(ii) of this section, including the identification of services appropriate to meet those needs.
- (d) Family assessment. (1) Family assessments under this part must be family-directed and designed to determine the resources, priorities, and concerns of the family and the identification of the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of the child.
- (2) Any assessment that is conducted must be voluntary on the part of the family.
- (3) If an assessment of the family is carried out, the assessment must—
- (i) Be conducted by personnel trained to utilize appropriate methods and procedures:
- (ii) Be based on information provided by the family through a personal interview and
- (iii) Incorporate the family's description of its resources, priorities, and concerns related to enhancing the child's development.
- (e) *Timelines.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, the evaluation and initial assessment of each child (including the family assessment) must be completed within the 45-day time period required in §303.321(e).
- (2) The lead agency shall develop procedures to ensure that in the event of exceptional circumstances that make it impossible to complete the evaluation and assessment within 45 days (e.g., if a child is ill), public agencies will—
- $\begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(i)} & \hbox{Document those circumstances;} \\ \hbox{and} & \end{array}$
- (ii) Develop and implement an interim IFSP, to the extent appropriate and consistent with §303.345 (b)(1) and (b)(2).

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(3); 1436 (a)(1), (a)(2), (d)(1), and (d)(2))

[58 FR 40959, July 30, 1993, as amended at 63 FR 18295, Apr. 14, 1998]

§ 303.323 Nondiscriminatory procedures.

Each lead agency shall adopt nondiscriminatory evaluation and assessment procedures. The procedures must provide that public agencies responsible for the evaluation and assessment of children and families under this part shall ensure, at a minimum, that—

- (a) Tests and other evaluation materials and procedures are administered in the native language of the parents or other mode of communication, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so;
- (b) Any assessment and evaluation procedures and materials that are used are selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory;
- (c) No single procedure is used as the sole criterion for determining a child's eligibility under this part; and
- (d) Evaluations and assessments are conducted by qualified personnel.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(3); 1436 (a)(1), (d)(2), and (d)(3))

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLANS (IFSPS)

§ 303.340 General.

- (a) Each system must include policies and procedures regarding individualized family service plans (IFSPs) that meet the requirements of this section and §§ 303.341 through 303.346.
- (b) As used in this part, *individualized* family service plan and IFSP mean a written plan for providing early intervention services to a child eligible under this part and the child's family. The plan must—
- (1) Be developed in accordance with §§ 303.342 and 303.343;
- (2) Be based on the evaluation and assessment described in §303.322; and
- (3) Include the matters specified in $\S 303.344$.
- (c) Lead agency responsibility. The lead agency shall ensure that an IFSP is developed and implemented for each eligible child, in accordance with the requirements of this part. If there is a dispute between agencies as to who has responsibility for developing or implementing an IFSP, the lead agency shall